

$$\begin{aligned}
 x \in Df &\Leftrightarrow (x \neq 1 \text{ و } (x+1)(x-1) \geq 0) \quad (-\text{أ-1}) \\
 &\Leftrightarrow [x \neq 1 \text{ و } (x \geq 1 \text{ أو } x \leq -1)] \\
 &\Leftrightarrow x \in]-\infty, -1] \cup]1, +\infty[\\
 D_f &=]-\infty, -1] \cup]1, +\infty[\quad \text{إذن}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \lim_{|x| \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x+1}{x-1} &= 1 \quad (\text{-ب}) \\
 \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty \quad \text{و} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) &= +\infty \quad \text{إذن} \\
 \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x+1}{x-1} &= +\infty \quad \text{بما أن} \\
 \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) &= +\infty \quad \text{فإن} \\
 f(-1) &= 0 \quad \text{و}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \frac{f(x) - f(-1)}{x+1} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} = 0 \quad (-\text{أ-2}) \\
 \text{إذن } f &\text{ قابلة للاشتباك على اليسار في } -1. \\
 f'_g(-1) &= 0 \quad \text{و}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x \in D_f - \{-1\} \quad (\text{-ب}) \\
 f'(x) &= \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} + (x+1) \frac{\frac{-2}{(x-1)^2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}}} \\
 &= \frac{(x-1)^2 \frac{x+1}{x-1} - (x+1)}{(x-1)^2 \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}}} \\
 \text{إذن}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f'(x) &= \frac{(x+1)(x-2)}{(x-1)^2 \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}}} \quad \text{لكل } x \text{ من } D_f - \{-1\} \\
 (x+1)(x-2) &\text{ هي إشارة } f'(x) \quad (\text{-ج})
 \end{aligned}$$

x	$-\infty$	-1	1	2	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	+	0	+	0	+
$f(x)$	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$	$3\sqrt{3}$	$+\infty$

$$f(2) = 3\sqrt{3}$$

(-أ-3

$$\begin{aligned}
 \lim_{|x| \rightarrow +\infty} [f(x) - (x+2)] &= \lim_{|x| \rightarrow +\infty} (x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} - (x+2) \\
 &= \lim_{|x| \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x+1)^2 \frac{x+1}{x-1} - (x+2)^2}{(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} + (x+2)} \\
 &= \lim_{|x| \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3x+5}{(x^2-1) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} + (x+2)(x-1)} \\
 &= \lim_{|x| \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3+\frac{5}{x}}{(x-\frac{1}{x}) \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} + (1+\frac{2}{x})(x-1)} = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

إذن المستقيم (D) الذي معادلته $y = x+2$
 مقارب ل (C) بجوار $+\infty$ و
 (C) إنشاء (ب)

