

تصميم الدرس

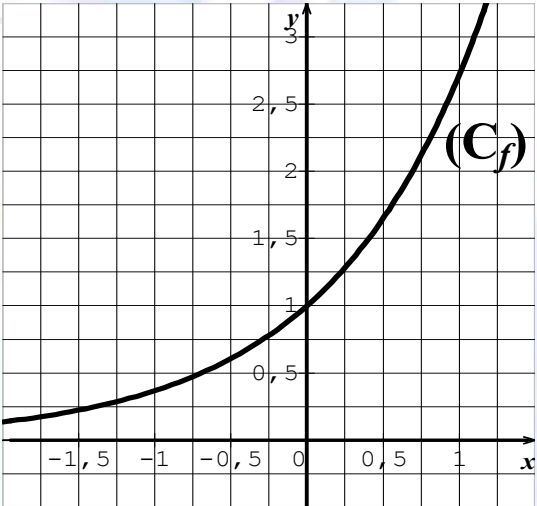
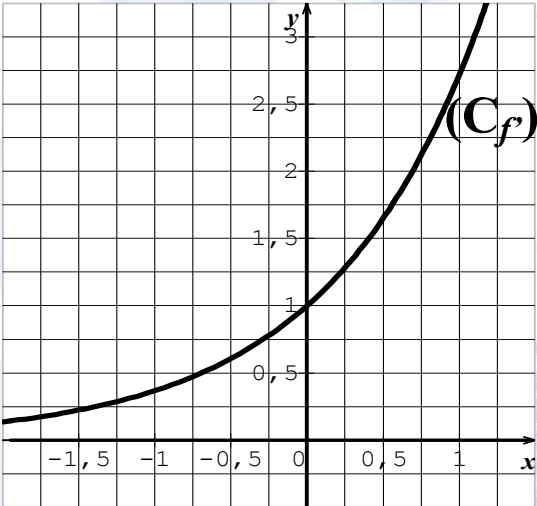




:

f' f $(C_{f'})$ (C_f)

.



f' f -1

$f'(0)$ $f(0)$ -2

f' f -3

f' f -4

f' f -5

f''' $f = f'$ -6

:

$\mathbb{R}$ f' f -(1

$f'(0)=1$ $f(0)=1$ -(2

f' f -(3

$(C_{f'})$ (C_f)

x

$\mathbb{R}$

$$f' \quad f \quad f(x) > 0 \quad f'(x) > 0$$

:

-(4)

x	$-\infty$	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	+	
$f(x)$		

x	$-\infty$	$+\infty$
$f''(x)$	+	
$f(x)$		

$$: f' \quad f$$

-(5)

$$. f(0) = f'(0) = 1 :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = +\infty$$

$$f'(x) = f(x) : \quad x$$

$$: \quad f = f'$$

-(6)

$$f'' = f' = f$$

$$f''' = f'' = f$$

$$. f''' = f :$$

:

$$f(0) = 1 \quad \mathbb{R} \quad y' = y \quad f$$

$$\exp : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$$

$$\exp(0) = 1$$

$$\mathbb{R}$$

$$g(x) = \exp(x) \cdot \exp(-x) : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$g'(x) = \exp(x) \cdot \exp(-x) - \exp(x) \cdot \exp(-x) = 0$$

$$g(x) = 1 : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\exp(x) \cdot \exp(-x) = 1$$

$$\exp :$$

$$[0 ; x_0] \quad \exp(x_0) \leq 0 \quad x_0$$

$$\exp : [x_0 ; 0]$$

$$\exp(0) > 0 \quad \exp(x_0) < 0 :$$

$$\exp(x) = 0$$

. $\mathbb{R}$

$\exp$

$$\exp(x_0) < 0$$

$\mathbb{R}$

x_0

. x

$$\exp(x) > 0$$

: 3

-4

.

a

:

$\mathbb{R}$

f_k

$$y' = ay$$

.

k

$$f_k(x) = k \cdot \exp(ax)$$

:

f'_k

$\mathbb{R}$

f_k

$$f'_k(x) = ka \cdot \exp(ax)$$

$$f'_k(x) = af_k(x) :$$

f_k

$$y' = ay$$

$\mathbb{R}$

f_k

$$g'(x) = a \cdot g(x) : \mathbb{R}$$

g

$$u(x) = \frac{g(x)}{\exp(ax)} :$$

$\mathbb{R}$

u

:

$\mathbb{R}$

u

$$u'(x) = \frac{g'(x)\exp(ax) - a \cdot \exp(ax) \cdot g(x)}{[\exp(ax)]^2}$$

$$u'(x) = \frac{g'(x) - ag(x)}{\exp(ax)} = \frac{g'(x) - g'(x)}{\exp(ax)} :$$

$$u'(x) = 0 :$$

$$: \quad u(x) = k : \mathbb{R} \quad x$$

$$\frac{g(x)}{\exp(ax)} = k$$

$$g(x) = k \cdot \exp(ax) : \quad : 4 \quad -5$$

$$\exp(a+b) = \exp(a) \times \exp(b) : b \quad a$$

$$g : \mathbb{R} \quad g(x) = \exp(x+b)$$

$$g' : \mathbb{R} \quad g'(x) = \exp(x+b)$$

$$y' = y$$

$$g(x) = k \cdot \exp(x) : 3$$

$$\exp(x+b) = k \cdot \exp(x) :$$

$$\exp(b) = k \cdot \exp(0) : x = 0$$

$$k = \exp(b) : \quad \exp(0) = 1 :$$

$$\exp(a+b) = \exp(a) \exp(b) : \quad x = a :$$

$$: \quad -6$$

$$x \cdot b \quad a$$

$$\exp(-a) = \frac{1}{\exp(a)} \quad (1)$$

$$\exp(0) = \exp(a + (-a)) \quad \exp(0) = 1$$

$$: (1) \quad \exp(a + (-a)) = 1 :$$

$$\exp(a) \exp(-a) = 1$$

$$\exp(-a) = \frac{1}{\exp(a)} :$$

$$\exp(a - b) = \frac{\exp(a)}{\exp(b)} \quad (2)$$

$$\exp(a - b) = \exp(a + (-b)) = \exp(a) \exp(-b) :$$

$$= \exp(a) \frac{1}{\exp(b)}$$

$$\exp(a - b) = \frac{\exp(a)}{\exp(b)} :$$

$$\exp(nx) = (\exp(x))^n \quad (3)$$

$$\exp(0.x) = (\exp(0))^0 : n = 0$$

$$\exp(0) = 1 :$$

$$\exp(1.x) = [\exp(x)]^1 : n = 1 :$$

$$\exp(2.x) = [\exp(x)]^2 : n = 2 :$$

$$\exp(n.x) = [\exp(x)]^n : n$$

: 5 -7

$$e \quad \exp(1) = e : \quad e \quad \exp \quad 1$$

$$e = 2,718281828... : e$$

$$\exp(x) = e^x : x$$

:

$$\exp(nx) = [\exp(x)]^n : \quad n$$

$$\exp(n) = [\exp(1)]^n : \quad x = 1 \quad -$$

$$\exp(n) = e^n : \quad x \quad -$$

$$\exp(x) = \frac{1}{\exp(-x)} = \frac{1}{e^{-x}} :$$

$$a = \frac{1}{q} : \quad x = pa : x \quad -$$

. q

$$\exp(qa) = [\exp(a)]^q$$

$$[\exp(a)]^q = \exp(1) = e : \quad qa = 1$$

$$\exp(a) = e^{\frac{1}{q}} :$$

$$\exp(x) = \exp(pa) = [\exp(a)]^p = \left(e^{\frac{1}{q}} \right)^p :$$

$$\exp(x) = e^x : \quad \exp(x) = e^{\frac{p}{q}} = e^x :$$

x

-

$$\exp(x) = e^x \quad :$$

-

$$: e^x \quad -8$$

$$\mathbb{R} \quad x \mapsto e^x \quad (1)$$

$$. e^0 = 1 \quad : \quad . x \mapsto e^x \quad :$$

$$. e^x > 0 \quad : x \quad (2)$$

$$: \quad b \quad a \quad (3)$$

$$e^{-a} = \frac{1}{e^a} \quad \bullet \quad e^{a+b} = e^a \cdot e^b \quad \bullet$$

$$n \in \mathbb{N} \quad e^{na} = (e^a)^n \quad \bullet \quad e^{a-b} = \frac{e^a}{e^b} \quad \bullet$$

$$: \quad -9$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^x = +\infty \quad (a)$$

:

$$. f(x) = e^x - x \quad : \quad f$$

$\mathbb{R}$

$$f'(x) = e^x - 1 \quad : \quad \mathbb{R}$$

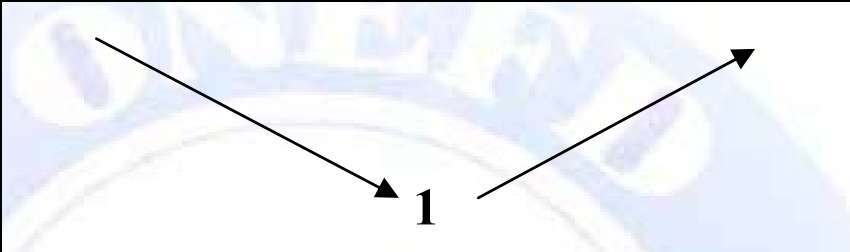
$\mathbb{R}$

$\mathbb{R}$

$$x \mapsto e^x$$

$$f'(x) \geq 0 :$$

$$f \quad x \geq 0 : \quad e^x \geq e^0 \quad e^x \geq 1$$
$$[-\infty, 0] \quad [0, +\infty[$$

x	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	$-$	$\circ$	$+$
$f(x)$			

$\mathbb{R} \quad f \quad 1$

$$f(x) \geq 1 : x$$

$$e^x \geq x : e^x - x \geq 0 \quad f(x) \geq 0 :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^x = 0 : \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x = +\infty :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} e^x = 0 \quad (b)$$

$$-x = z : \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} e^x = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1}{e^{-x}} = \lim_{z \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{e^z}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x} = +\infty \quad (c)$$

:

$$e^x \geq x : x$$

$$e^{\frac{x}{2}} \geq \frac{x}{2} : x$$

$$\left(e^{\frac{x}{2}}\right)^2 \geq \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 : x \geq 0$$

$$\frac{e^x}{x} \geq \frac{x}{4} : e^x \geq \frac{x^2}{4} :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x} = +\infty :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x}{4} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x e^x = 0 \quad (d)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x e^x = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x}{e^{-x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-1}{-x} = \lim_{\substack{z \rightarrow +\infty \\ z = -x}} \frac{-1}{z} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} \quad (e)$$

$$: 0 \quad \mathbb{R} \quad x \mapsto e^x : f$$

$$(1) \dots f'(0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - e^0}{x - 0} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x}$$

$$f'(x) = e^x : f'$$

$$(2) \dots f'(0) = e^0 = 1 :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = 1 : (2) \quad (1)$$

$$f : x \mapsto e^x :$$

x	$-\infty$	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	$+$	
$f(x)$	$0 \nearrow +\infty$	

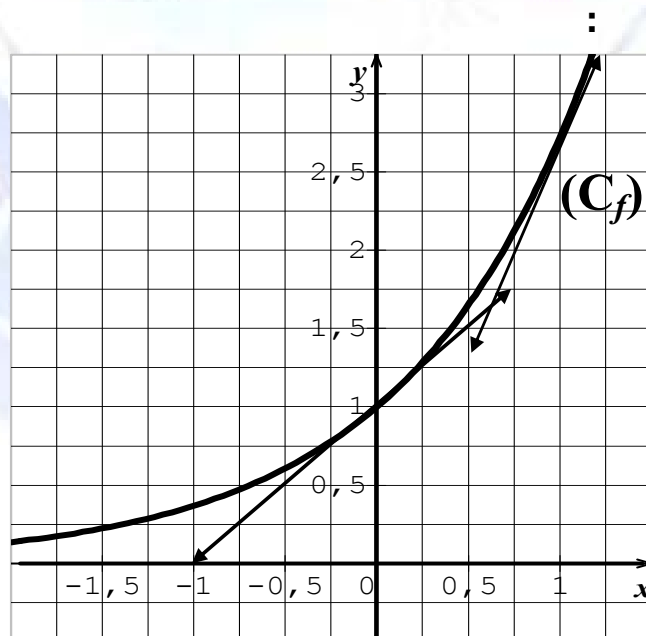
$$: A(0;1)$$

$$y = x + 1 : y = f'(0) \cdot (x - 0) + f(0)$$

$$y = f'(1) \cdot (x - 1) + f(1) : B(0;1)$$

$$y = e(x - 1) + e :$$

$$y = ex :$$



$$b \leq a$$

$$\mathbb{R}$$

$$x \mapsto e^x$$

:

:

$$e^a > e^b : a > b \qquad e^a = e^b : a = b$$

$$e^x > 1 : x > 0 \qquad e^a < e^b : a < b$$

$$e^x < 1 : x < 0$$

$$: x \mapsto e^{g(x)} \qquad -10$$

:

$$x \mapsto e^{g(x)}$$

I

I

g

$$. x \mapsto g'(x)e^{g(x)}$$

I

:

$$x \mapsto e^x$$

I

g

$$x \mapsto e^{g(x)}$$

I

$$x \mapsto e^{g(x)}$$

$\mathbb{R}$

$$x \mapsto g'(x)e^{g(x)}$$

:

$$x \mapsto x^2 - 4x$$

$\mathbb{R}$

$$x \mapsto e^{x^2-4x} : f$$

$$x \mapsto e^x$$

$\mathbb{R}$

:

$\mathbb{R}$

$$f'(x) = (2x - 4)e^{x^2-4x}$$

$: f$

-11

I

g

$$x \mapsto g'(x)e^{g(x)} :$$

$$: I \quad x$$

$$x \mapsto e^{g(x)} : h$$

$$f'(x) = g'(x)e^{g(x)} = f(x)$$

:

: f

$$x \mapsto xe^{x^2-4}$$

:

$\mathbb{R}$

$\mathbb{R}$

f

. h

$$h(x) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2x \cdot e^{x^2-4} : \quad f(x) = xe^{x^2-4} :$$

$$. \quad c \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot e^{x^2-4} + c :$$

:

Euler

$$y(0) = 1 \quad y' = y$$

$$h = 0,005 \quad [-2;2]$$

Excel

:

$$f(x+h) - f(x) \approx f'(x).h \quad \Delta y \approx f'(x).\Delta x :$$

$$h > 0 \quad f(x-h) - f(x) \approx -f'(x).h$$

$$f(x) = f'(x) \quad y' = y$$

$$f(x-h) \approx f(x)(1-h) \quad f(x+h) \approx f(x)(1+h)$$

$x > 0$

$$() \quad f(x+h) \approx f(x)(1+h)$$

$$() \quad f(x-h) \approx f(x)(1-h)$$

h

$$f(0) = 1$$

$x < 0$

Excel

:

A3

h

$[-2;0]$

0

A4

x

$$= x - h$$

A5

$$= A4 - A\$3 : -2$$

-2

A

$$f(0) = 1 \quad 0$$

1

B4

$$y = f(x-h)$$

B5

$$= B4 * (1 - A\$3) :$$

$$f(x-h) \approx f(x).(1-h)$$

. A

B

[0;2]

0

$$x = x + h$$

$$= C4 + A\$3 : 2$$

$$f(0) = 1$$

$$y = f(x+h)$$

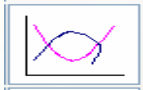
$$= D4 * (1 + A\$3) : f(x+h) \approx f(x) \cdot (1+h)$$

. B D

:



B A



Nuages de points

Série

Suivant >

[-2;0]

()

Ajouter

Série1

[0;2]

C

x

C4

D

y

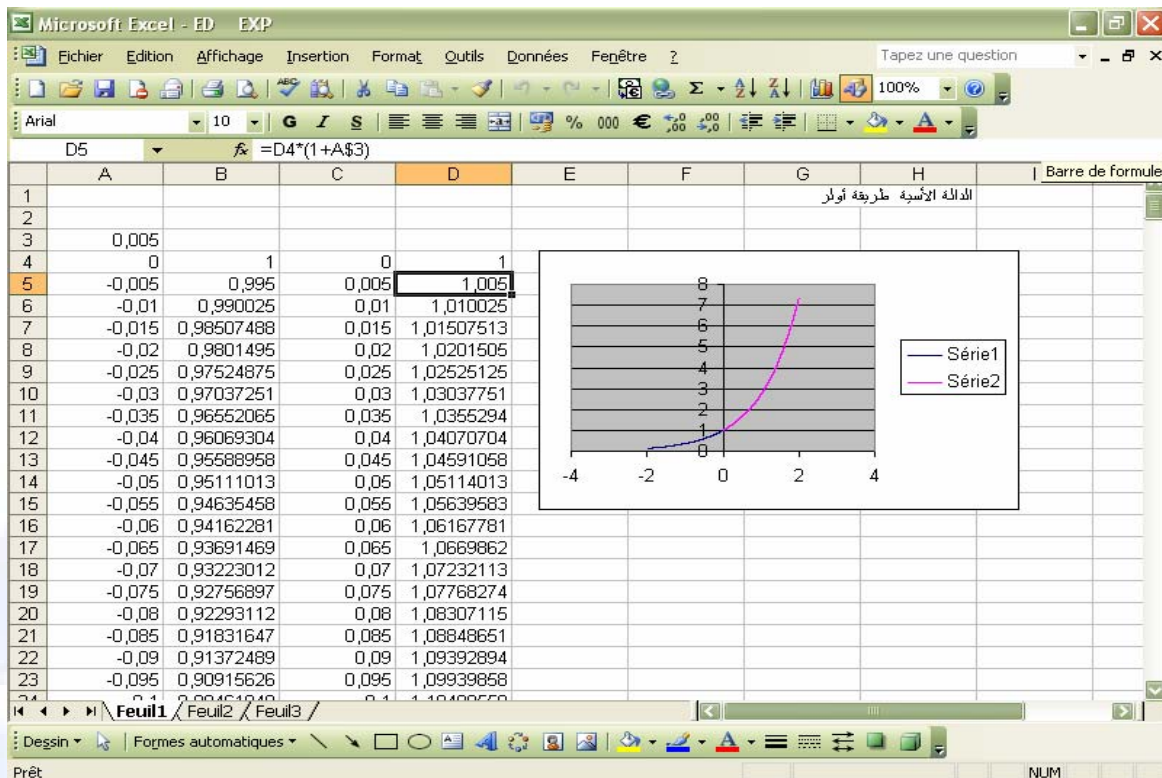
D4

Suivant >

Terminer

[-2;2]

()



$$\cdot \boxed{1}$$

$\times$

$\sqrt{}$

$$e^{-3} < 0 \quad (1)$$

$$e^{-5} = -e^5 \quad (2)$$

$$x \mapsto e^x \quad (3)$$

$$\sqrt{e^{2x}} = e^x \quad (4)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x}{e^x} = 0 \quad (5)$$

$$x \mapsto e^{3x} \quad x \mapsto e^{3x} \quad (6)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x}{x} = +\infty \quad (7)$$

$$e^x \geq e^2 \quad x \geq 2 \quad (8)$$

$$e^x \leq 0 \quad x \leq 0 \quad (9)$$

$$: \quad (11) \quad e^x \cdot e^{-x} = 1 : x \quad (10)$$

$$x - 1 \quad (x - 1)e^x$$

$$(13) \boxed{} \quad e^{x-1} < 0 : x < 1 \quad (12)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} xe^x = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{ex}{x^3} = +\infty \quad (14)$$

$$e^x - e = e^{x-1} \quad (15)$$

$$e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1 = (e^x - 1)^2 \quad (16)$$

$$\mathbb{R} \quad x \mapsto e^{-1}x + 3 : \quad (17)$$

$$\mathbb{R} \quad e^{x^2-4x} < 0 \quad (18)$$

$$y' = y: \quad x \mapsto e^{x^2-4} : \quad (19)$$

$$e^{-\frac{1}{2}} < 1 \quad (20)$$

$$\cdot 2 \quad \boxed{}$$

:

$$1) e^{3x} \cdot e^{-2x} \quad 2) e^x \cdot e^2 \quad 3) \frac{1}{(e^{-x})^2}$$

$$4) \frac{e^{4x+1}}{e^{2x} \cdot e^{-1}} \quad 5) \frac{e^{-4x+5}}{(e^{x^2})^2} \quad 6) e^x (e^{-x} + e^{2x})$$

$$\cdot 3 \quad \boxed{}$$

: x

$$\frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^{2x} + 1}$$

$$\cdot 4 \quad \boxed{}$$

: \mathbb{R}

f

$$1) f(x) = \sqrt{e^x + e^{-x}} \quad 2) f(x) = \frac{1}{e^{2x} + 1}$$

$$3) f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^x + 4}} \quad 4) f(x) = \frac{e^x}{e^x + 3}$$

$$\cdot 5 \quad \boxed{}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{e^x + 1} : \quad f$$

$$\cdot f(x) \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1 :$$

6

$\mathbb{R}$

:

$$1) e^{2x-1} = 1$$

$$2) e^{x^2-1} = e$$

$$3) (x^2 - 4x + 3)e^x = 0$$

$$4) e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1 = 0$$

$$5) (x^2 - 4)e^x = (9x + 10)e^x$$

$$6) e^x - e^{-x} = 0$$

$$7) e^{3x} - \frac{1}{e^x} = 0$$

7

$\mathbb{R}$

:

$$1) xe^{2x} - x^2e^{2x} \leq 0$$

$$2) e^{2x-1} \leq 1$$

$$3) e^{x^2-4} \leq e^{7x-16}$$

$$4) e^{x^2-2} \leq \frac{1}{e^x}$$

$$5) e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1 \leq 0$$

$$6) x^2e^{4x} + 4e^x > 0$$

8

f'

f

:

$$1) f(x) = e^{2x} - e^{-x}$$

$$2) f(x) = xe^{x-1}$$

$$3) f(x) = \frac{e^x + x}{e^x - 1}$$

$$4) f(x) = \frac{e^x}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$5) f(x) = (x^2 - 4x + 5)e^x$$

$$6) f(x) = \sqrt{e^x - 1}$$

$$7) f(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$8) f(x) = \sin xe^{\cos x}$$

$$9) f(x) = \frac{e^x - 1}{e^x + 1}$$

$$10) f(x) = \sqrt{e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1}$$

9

:

f

$$1) f(x) = x + e^x$$

$$2) f(x) = e^{-x+4}$$

$$3) f(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$$

$$4) f(x) = xe^{\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$5) f(x) = \frac{e^x}{x^2}$$

$$6) f(x) = \frac{e^{-x}}{e^x + 1}$$

$$7) f(x) = \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{x}$$

$$8) f(x) = (x-1)e^x$$

10

$$\begin{cases} f(x) = \frac{e^{2x} - e^x}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ f(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

:

f

0

f

- 1

$x \neq 0$

f

- 2

11

$$f(x) = (4x + 3)e^x :$$

f

$$f^{(4)}, f^{(3)}, f'', f' :$$

$$f^{(n)}(x)$$

$$n \geq 1$$

12

:

$$1) f(x) = xe^x$$

$$2) f(x) = x - e^x$$

$$3) f(x) = \frac{e^x}{x}$$

$$4) f(x) = \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1}$$

13

$$f(x) = e^x + e^{-x} : f \quad (1)$$

$$f(x) \geq 2 :$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{e^x + e^{-x} - 1} : g \quad (2)$$

$$g$$

$$g(c)$$

14

$$h(x) = 1 - x - e^{-x} : \mathbb{R} \quad h \quad (I)$$

$$h \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbb{R} \quad h(x) \quad (2)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{e^x - 1} : f \quad (II)$$

$$f \quad f'(x) \quad (1)$$

$$f \quad (2)$$

$$(0; \vec{i}; \vec{j}) \quad f \quad (3)$$

$$f(x)=\frac{2e^x}{e^x-1} \quad : \quad f$$

(1)

$$(o;\overrightarrow{i},\overrightarrow{j}) \quad f \quad (C) \quad (2)$$

$$(C)$$

$$(C) \quad w(0;1) \quad (3)$$

$$g(x)=\frac{2e^x}{|e^x-1|} \quad : \quad g \quad (4)$$

$$g(x) \quad -$$

$$(C) \quad g \quad (\delta) \quad -$$

$$m \quad -$$

$$: \quad m$$

$$(m-3)|e^x-1|=2e^x$$

$$(C) \quad f(x)=(2x^2-3x)e^x \quad : \quad f \quad (I$$

$$(o;\overrightarrow{i},\overrightarrow{j})$$

$$. \quad f \quad (1)$$

$$.(C) \quad (2)$$

$$(C) \quad (3)$$

$$. \quad 0 \quad (C) \quad (\Delta) \quad (4)$$

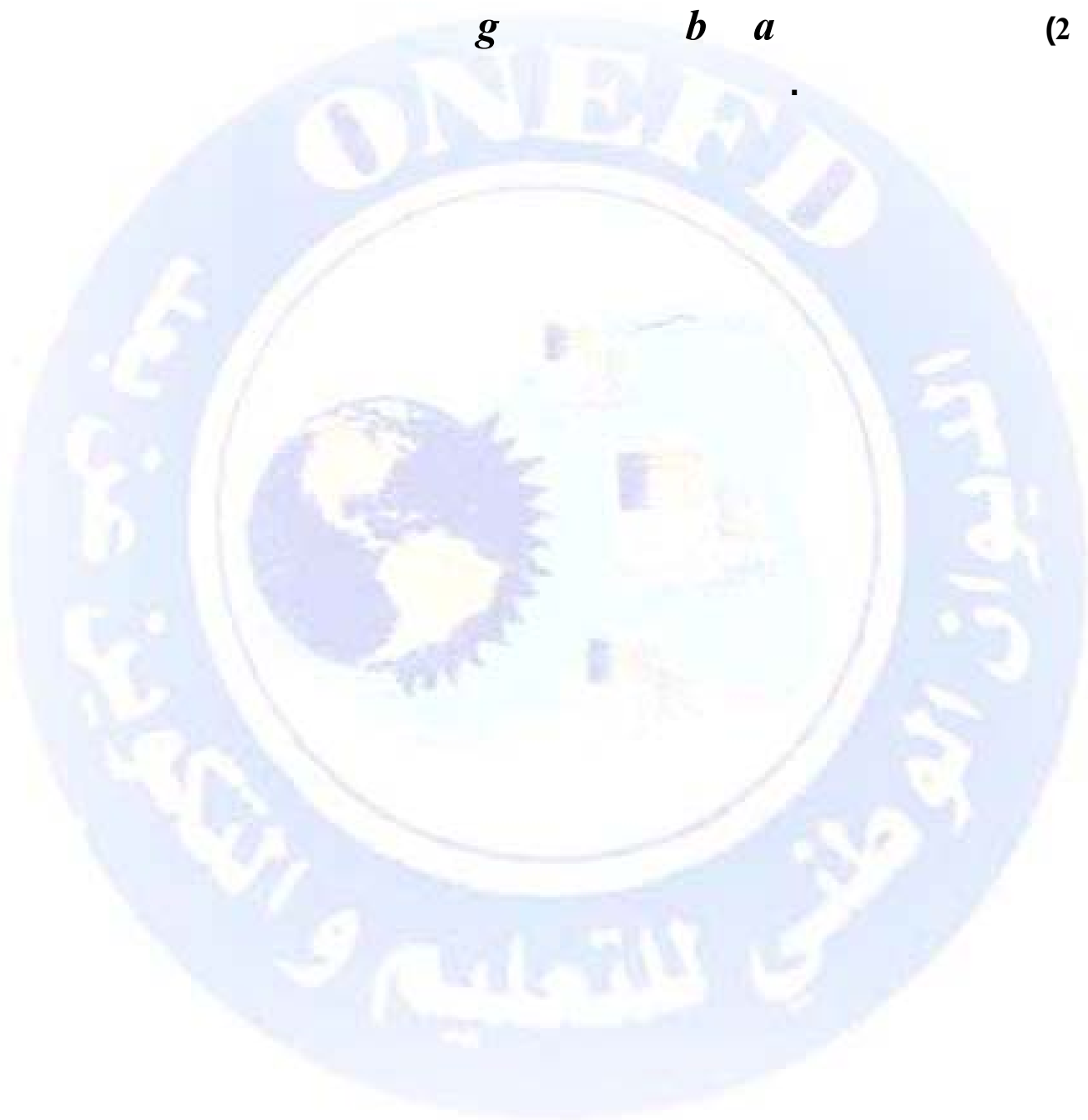
$$. \quad (C) \quad (\Delta) \quad (5)$$

$$g(x) = (2x^2 + ax + b)e^x : \quad g \quad (11$$

$$.f \quad g \quad b \quad a \quad (1$$

$$g \quad b \quad a \quad (2$$

.



					1
$\cdot \sqrt{\quad}$ (4	$\cdot \times$ (3	$\cdot \times$ (2	$\cdot \times$ (1		
$\cdot \sqrt{\quad}$ (8	$\sqrt{\quad}$ (7	$\cdot \times$ (6	$\sqrt{\quad}$ (5		
$\cdot \times$ (12	$\sqrt{\quad}$ (11	$\sqrt{\quad}$ (10	$\cdot \times$ (9		
$\cdot \sqrt{\quad}$ (16	$\cdot \times$ (15	$\sqrt{\quad}$ (14	$\cdot \times$ (13		
$\cdot \sqrt{\quad}$ (20	$\cdot \times$ (19	$\cdot \times$ (18	$\sqrt{\quad}$ (17		
					2

:

$$1) e^{3x} \cdot e^{-2x} = e^{3x-2x} = e^x$$

$$2) e^x \cdot e^2 = e^{x+2}$$

$$3) \frac{1}{(e^{-x})^2} = \frac{1}{e^{-2x}} = e^{2x}$$

$$4) \frac{e^{4x+2}}{e^{2x} \cdot e^{-1}} = e^{4x+1} \cdot e^{-2x} \cdot e^1 = e^{4x-2x+1} = e^{2x+2}$$

$$5) \frac{e^{-4x+5}}{(e^{x-2})^2} = \frac{e^{-4x+5}}{e^{2x-4}} = e^{-4x+5} \cdot e^{-2x+4} = e^{-6x+9}$$

$$6) e^x (e^{-x} + e^{2x}) = e^x \cdot e^{-x} + e^x \cdot e^{2x} = e^{x-x} + e^{x+2x} = 1 + e^{3x}$$

3

$$\frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^{2x} + 1} :$$

$$\frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \frac{e^x - \frac{1}{e^x}}{e^x + \frac{1}{e^x}} = \frac{\frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^x}}{\frac{e^{2x} + 1}{e^x}} = \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^x} \times \frac{e^x}{e^{2x} + 1} = \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^{2x} + 1}$$

4

$$f(x) = \sqrt{e^x + e^{-x}} \quad :$$
 (1)

$$D_f = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : e^x + e^{-x} \geq 0\} \quad :$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} \quad e^{-x} > 0 \quad e^x > 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{e^{2x} + 1} \quad :$$
 (2)

$$D_f = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : e^{2x} + 1 \neq 0\} \quad :$$

$$.D_f = \mathbb{R} \quad : \quad e^{2x} = -1 \quad e^{2x} + 1 = 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^x + 4}} \quad :$$
 (3)

$$D_f = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : e^x + 4 > 0\} \quad :$$

$$.D_f = \mathbb{R} \quad : \quad e^x > 0 \quad e^x + 4 > 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x}{e^x + 3} \quad :$$
 (4)

$$D_f = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : e^x + 3 \neq 0\} \quad :$$

$$.D_f = \mathbb{R} \quad : \quad e^x = -3 \quad e^x + 3 = 0$$

5

$$f(x) :$$

$$e^0 \leq e^x \leq e^1 \quad : \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1 \quad :$$

$$\frac{1}{1+e} \leq \frac{1}{e^x+1} \leq \frac{1}{2} : \quad 2 \leq e^x + 1 \leq 1+e :$$

$$0 \times \frac{1}{1+e} \leq x \times \frac{1}{e^x+1} \leq 1(e+1) :$$

$$. 0 \leq f(x) \leq 1+e :$$

6

:

$$e^{2x-1} = e^0 : \quad e^{2x-1} = 1 : \quad (1)$$

$$s = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\} : \quad x = \frac{1}{2} : \quad 2x - 1 = 0 :$$

$$x^2 = 2 : \quad x^2 - 1 = 1 : \quad e^{2x-1} = e : \quad (2)$$

$$s = \left\{ -\sqrt{2}; \sqrt{2} \right\} \quad x = -\sqrt{2} \quad x = \sqrt{2} :$$

$$(x^2 - 4x + 3)x = 0 : \quad (3)$$

$$\Delta' = 4 \quad , \quad x^2 - 4x + 3 = 0 :$$

$$s = \{1; 3\} : \quad x_2 = 3 \quad , \quad x_1 = 1 :$$

$$e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1 = 0 : \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{cases} (y-1)^2 = 0 \\ y = e^x \end{cases} : \quad \begin{cases} y^2 - 2y + 1 = 0 \\ y = e^x \end{cases} : \quad e^x = y$$

$$s = \{0\} : \quad x = 0 : \quad \begin{cases} y = 1 \\ e^x = e^0 \end{cases} : \quad \begin{cases} y = 1 \\ e^x = 1 \end{cases} :$$

$$(x^2 - 4)e^x = (9x - 18)e^x : \quad (5)$$

$$x^2 - 9x + 14 = 0 : \quad x^2 - 4 = 9x - 18 :$$

$$s = \{2; 7\} : \quad x_2 = 7 \quad x_1 = 2 \quad \Delta = 25$$

$$e^x - \frac{1}{e^x} = 0 : \quad e^x - e^x = 0 : \quad (6)$$

$$e^{2x} = 1 : \quad e^{2x} - 1 = 0 : \quad \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^x} = 0 :$$

$$s\{0\} : \quad x = 0 : \quad 2x = 0 : \quad e^{2x} = e^0 :$$

$$\frac{e^{4x} - 1}{e^x} = 0 : \quad e^{3x} - \frac{1}{e^x} = 0 : \quad (7)$$

$$4x = 0 : \quad e^{4x} = 1 : \quad e^{4x} - 1 = 0 :$$

$$s\{0\} : \quad x = 0 :$$

7

:

$$e^{2x}(x - x^2) \leq 0 : \quad xe^{2x} - x^2e^{2x} \leq 0 : \quad (1)$$

$$x(-x + 1) \leq 0 : \quad e^{2x} > 0 : \quad x - x^2 \leq 0 :$$

$$s \in]-\infty; 0] \cup [1; +\infty[: \quad x \in]-\infty; 0] \cup [1; +\infty[:$$

x	$-\infty$	0	1	$+\infty$
x	-	+	+	
$-x + 1$	+	+	-	
$x(-x + 1)$	-	+	-	

$$e^{2x-1} \leq 1 : \quad (2)$$

$$2x - 1 \leq 0 : \quad e^{2x-1} \leq e^0 :$$

$$s \left] -\infty; \frac{1}{2} \right] : \quad x \leq \frac{1}{2} :$$

$$x^2 - 4 \leq 7x - 16 : \quad e^{x^2-4} \leq e^{7x-16} : \quad (3)$$

$$x^2 - 7x + 12 \leq 0 :$$

$$\Delta = 1 \quad x^2 - 7x + 12 :$$

$$x_2 = 4 \quad x_1 = 3 :$$

x	$-\infty$	3	4	$+\infty$
$x^2 - 7x + 12$	+	0	-	-

$$S = [3 ; 4] :$$

$$e^{x^2-2} \cdot e^x \leq 1 : \quad e^{x^2-2} \leq \frac{1}{e^x} : \quad (4)$$

$$e^{x^2+x-2} \leq e^1 : \quad e^{x^2+x-2} \leq 1 :$$

$$x^2 + x - 3 \leq 0 : \quad x^2 + x - 2 \leq 1 :$$

$$\Delta = 13 \quad x^2 + x - 3 :$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{13}}{2} \quad x_1 = \frac{-1 - \sqrt{13}}{2} :$$

x	$-\infty$	x_1	x_2	$+\infty$
$x^2 + x - 3$	+	0	-	+

$$S = [x_1; x_2] :$$

$$e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1 \leq 0 : \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{cases} y^2 - 2y + 1 \leq 0 \\ e^x = y \end{cases} : \quad e^x = y :$$

$$\begin{cases} y - 1 = 0 \\ e^x = y \end{cases} : \quad \begin{cases} (y - 1)^2 \leq 0 \\ e^x = y \end{cases} :$$

$$S = \{0\} : \quad x = 0 : \quad e^x = 1 :$$

$$e^x (x^2 e^{3x} + 4) > 0 \quad x^2 e^{4x} + 4e^x > 0 : \quad (6)$$

$$x^2 > 0 \quad e^{3x} > 0 \quad e^x > 0$$

$$S = \mathbb{R} :$$

8

$$f(x) = e^{2x} - e^{-x} : \quad (1)$$

. $\mathbb{R}$

$\mathbb{R}$

f

$$f'(x) = 2e^{2x} + e^{-x} :$$

$$f(x) = xe^{x-1} : \quad (2)$$

. $\mathbb{R}$

$\mathbb{R}$

f

$$f'(x) = (1+x)e^{x-1} : \quad f'(x) = 1 \cdot e^{x-1} + xe^{x-1} :$$

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x + x}{e^x - 1} : \quad (3)$$

. $\mathbb{R}^*$

$\mathbb{R}^*$

f

$$f'(x) = \frac{(e^x + 1)(e^x - 1) - e^x(e^x + x)}{(e^x - 1)^2} :$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-1 - xe^x}{(e^x - 1)^2} : \quad f'(x) = \frac{e^{2x} - 1 - e^{2x} - xe^x}{(e^x - 1)^2} :$$

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x}{x^2 - 1} \quad : \quad (4)$$

$$. \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1; 1\} \quad f$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x(x^2 - 1) - 2x \cdot e^x}{(x^2 - 1)^2} \quad :$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(x^2 - 2x - 1)e^x}{(x^2 - 1)^2} \quad :$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} \quad : \quad f(x) = (x^2 - 4x + 5)e^x \quad : \quad (5)$$

$$: \quad \mathbb{R} \quad f$$

$$f'(x) = (2x - 4)e^{3x} + (x^2 - 4x + 5)e^x$$

$$f'(x) = (2x - 4 + x^2 - 4x + 5)e^x \quad :$$

$$f'(x) = (x^2 - 2x + 1)e^x \quad :$$

$$D_f = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : e^x - 1 \geq 0\} \quad : \quad f(x) = \sqrt{e^x - 1} \quad : \quad (6)$$

$$x \geq 0 \quad : \quad e^x \geq 1 \quad : \quad e^x - 1 \geq 0 \quad :$$

$$D_f = [0; +\infty[\quad :$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x}{2\sqrt{e^x - 1}} \quad : \quad]0; +\infty[\quad f$$

$$f(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x}} \quad : \quad (7)$$

$$f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} e^{\frac{1}{x}} \quad : \quad \mathbb{R}^* \quad f$$

$$f(x) = \sin x \cdot e^{\cos x} : \quad (8)$$

$$: \quad \mathbb{R} \quad f$$

$$f'(x) = \cos x \cdot e^{\cos x} + \sin x (-\sin x) e^{\cos x}$$

$$f'(x) = e^{\cos x} (\cos x - \sin^2 x) :$$

$$f'(x) = e^{\cos x} [\cos x - (1 - \cos^2 x)] :$$

$$f'(x) = (\cos^2 x + \cos x - 1) e^{\cos x} :$$

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x - 1}{e^x + 1} : \quad (9)$$

$$: \quad \mathbb{R} \quad f$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x(e^x + 1) - (e^x - 1)e^x}{(e^x + 1)^2} = \frac{e^{2x} + e^x - e^{2x} + e^x}{(e^x + 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2e^x}{(e^x + 1)^2}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1} : \quad (10)$$

$$D_f = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1 \geq 0\} :$$

$$y = e^x : \quad e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1 \geq 0$$

$$(y - 1)^2 \geq 0 : \quad y^2 - 2y + 1 \geq 0 :$$

$$. D_f = \mathbb{R} : \quad (e^x - 1)^2 \geq 0 :$$

$$: \quad \mathbb{R}^* \quad f$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2e^{2x} - 2e^x}{2\sqrt{e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1}} = \frac{e^{2x} - e^x}{\sqrt{e^{2x} - 2e^x + 1}}$$

$$D_f =]-\infty; +\infty[\quad : \quad f(x) = x + e^x \quad : \quad (1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (x + e^x) = -\infty \quad :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (x + e^x) = +\infty \quad :$$

$$D_f =]-\infty; +\infty[\quad : \quad f(x) = e^{-x+4} \quad : \quad (2)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} e^{-x+4} = +\infty \quad :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{-x+4} = 0 \quad :$$

$$D_f =]-\infty; 0[\cup]0; +\infty[\quad : \quad f(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x^2}} \quad : \quad (3)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} e^{\frac{1}{x^2}} = 1 \quad :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0}^< f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0}^< e^{\frac{1}{x^2}} = +\infty \quad :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0}^> f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0}^> e^{\frac{1}{x^2}} = +\infty \quad :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{1}{x^2}} = 1 \quad :$$

$$D_f =]-\infty; 0[\cup]0; +\infty[\quad : \quad f(x) = xe^{\frac{1}{x}} \quad : \quad (4)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} xe^{\frac{1}{x}} = -\infty \quad :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0}^< f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0}^< xe^{\frac{1}{x}} = 0 \quad :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x e^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{e^{\frac{1}{x}}}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^t}{t} = +\infty :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x e^{\frac{1}{x}} = +\infty : \quad . \left(\frac{1}{x} = t : \quad \right)$$

$$D_f =]-\infty ; 0[\cup]0 ; +\infty[: \quad f(x) = \frac{e^x}{x^2} : \quad (5)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^2} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{e^x}{x^2} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{e^x}{x^2} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^2} = +\infty$$

$$D_f =]-\infty ; +\infty[: \quad f(x) = \frac{e^{-x}}{e^x + 1} : \quad (6)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{e^{-x}}{e^x + 1} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^{-x}}{e^x + 1} = 0$$

$$D_f =]-\infty ; 0[\cup]0 ; +\infty[: \quad f(x) = \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{x} : \quad (7)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{x} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 2 \times \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{2x} = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 2 \times \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{2x} = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^{2x}}{x} - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 2 \frac{e^{2x}}{2x} - \frac{1}{x} = +\infty$$

$$D_f =]-\infty; +\infty[: f(x) = (x-1)e^x : \quad (8)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (x-1)e^x = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} xe^x - e^x = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (x-1)e^x = +\infty$$

10

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} : 0$$

-1

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x) - f(0)}{x - 0} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - e^x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - e^x}{x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x}{x} \times \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = -\infty$$

.

0

f

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x) - f(0)}{x - 0} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - e^x}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x}{x} \times \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = +\infty$$

. 0

f

0

f

: x ≠ 0

-2

$$f'(x) = \frac{(2e^{2x} - e^x)x - 1(e^{2x} - e^x)}{x^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2xe^{2x} - xe^x - e^{2x} + e^x}{x^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(2x-1)e^{2x} - (x-1)e^x}{x^2}$$

11

$$f(x) = (4x + 3)e^x$$

$$f'(x) = 4.e^x + (4x + 3)e^x = (4 + 4x + 3)e^x$$

$$f'(x) = (4x + 7)e^x$$

$$f''(x) = 4.e^x + (4x + 7)e^x = (4 + 4x + 7)e^x$$

$$f''(x) = (4x + 11)e^x$$

$$f^{(3)}(x) = 4.e^x + (4x + 11)e^x = (4 + 4x + 11)e^x$$

$$f^{(3)}(x) = (4x + 15)e^x$$

$$f^{(4)}(x) = 4.e^x + (4x + 15)e^x = (4 + 4x + 15)e^x$$

$$f^{(4)}(x) = (4x + 19)e^x$$

: $f^{(n)}$

$$f^{(n)}(x) = (4x + 3 + 4n)e^x$$

$$f^{(n)}(x) = (4x + 3 + 4n)e^x : p_{(n)}$$

$$\cdot \quad p_{(1)} \quad f_{(n)}(x) = (4x + 7)e^x : n = 1$$

$$p(k+1) \quad p(k)$$

$$p(k): f^{(k)}(x) = (4x + 3 + 4k)e^x$$

$$p(k+1): f^{(k+1)}(x) = [4x + 3 + 4(k+1)]e^x$$

$$f^{(k+1)}(x) = (f^{(k)})'(x) = 4 \cdot e^x + (4x + 3 + 4k)e^x : \\ = (4x + 3 + 4k + 4)e^x = [4x + 3 + 4(k+1)]e^x$$

$$p(n) \quad p(k+1)$$

$$. n \geq 1 \quad n$$

12

: f

$$D_f =]-\infty; +\infty[: f(x) = xe^x : (1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} xe^x = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} xe^x = +\infty$$

$$f'(x) = e^x + xe^x = e^x(x+1)$$

$$: x+1 \quad f'(x)$$

x	$-\infty$	-1	$+\infty$
$x+1$	-	0	+

$$[-1; +\infty[\quad f$$

$$:] - \infty; -1]$$

x	$-\infty$	-1	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	-		+
$f(x)$	$0 \searrow \frac{-1}{e} \nearrow +\infty$		

$$D_f =]-\infty ; +\infty] : f(x) = x - e^x : (2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x - e^x = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x - e^x = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x \left(1 - \frac{e^x}{x} \right) = -\infty$$

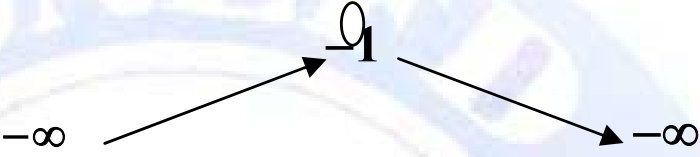
$$f'(x) = 1 - e^x$$

$$x = 0 : e^x = 1 : 1 - e^x = 0 : f'(x) = 0$$

$$x < 0 : e^x < 1 : 1 - e^x > 0 : f'(x) > 0$$

$$.]-\infty; 0] \quad f$$

$$.]-\infty; 0] \quad f \quad x > 0 \quad f'(x) < 0$$

x	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	$+$		$-$
$f(x)$			

$$D_f =]-\infty; 0[\cup]0; +\infty[: \quad f(x) = \frac{e^x}{x} : \quad (3)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{e^x}{x} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{e^x}{x} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{e^x}{x} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x} = +\infty$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x \cdot x - e^x}{x^2} = \frac{e^x(x-1)}{x^2}$$

$$x = 1 : \quad f'(x) = 0 : \quad x - 1 \quad f'(x)$$

$$[1; +\infty[\quad f : \quad x > 1 \quad f'(x) > 0$$

$$.]0 ; 1[\quad [-\infty; 0[\quad f$$

x	$-\infty$	0	1	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	-	-	+	
$f(x)$	0 $\searrow$ $-\infty$	$+\infty \searrow$ e	$e \nearrow$ $-\infty$	

$$D_f = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : e^x - 1 \neq 0\} : \quad f(x) = \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1} : \quad (4)$$

$$. \quad x = 0 : \quad e^x = 1 \quad e^x - 1 = 0$$

$$D_f =]-\infty ; 0[\cup]0 ; +\infty[: \quad$$

$$\bullet \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1} = -1$$

$$\bullet \quad \lim_{x \xrightarrow{<} 0} f(x) = \lim_{x \xrightarrow{<} 0} \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1} = -\infty$$

$$\begin{cases} e^x + 1 \longrightarrow 2 \\ e^x - 1 \xrightarrow{<} \end{cases} :$$

$$\bullet \quad \lim_{x \xrightarrow{>} 0} f(x) = \lim_{x \xrightarrow{>} 0} \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1} = +\infty$$

$$\begin{cases} e^x + 1 \longrightarrow 2 \\ e^x - 1 \xrightarrow{>} \end{cases} :$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x \left(1 + \frac{1}{e^x}\right)}{e^x \left(1 - \frac{1}{e^x}\right)}$$

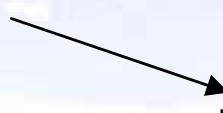
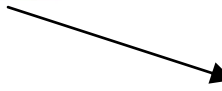
$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1 + \frac{1}{e^x}}{1 - \frac{1}{e^x}} = 1$$

$$\bullet f'(x) = \frac{e^x(e^x - 1) - e^x(e^x + 1)}{(e^x - 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{e^x(e^x - 1 - e^x - 1)}{(e^x - 1)^2} = \frac{-2e^x}{(e^x - 1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) < 0 :$$

$$:]0; +\infty[\quad]-\infty; 0[\quad f$$

x	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	-		-
$f(x)$	-1  $-\infty$		$+\infty$  1

$$\bullet D_f =]-\infty ; +\infty[\quad : f \quad -1$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = +\infty$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = +\infty$$

$$\bullet f'(x) = e^x - e^{-x}$$

$$e^x = e^{-x} : e^x - e^{-x} = 0 : f'(x) = 0$$

$$. x = 0 : 2x = 0 : x = -x :$$

$$e^x > e^{-x} : e^x - e^{-x} > 0 : f'(x) > 0$$

$$x > 0 : 2x > 0 : x > -x :$$

$$[0 ; +\infty[\quad f$$

$$.]-\infty; 0]$$

x	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	$-$		$+$
$f(x)$	$+\infty$	0	$+\infty$

$\mathbb{R}$

f

2

$$f(x) \geq 2 : x$$

$: g$

-2

$$\bullet D_g = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : e^x + e^x - 1 \neq 0\}$$

$$e^x + e^{-x} = 1 : e^x + e^{-x} - 1 = 0 :$$

$$f(x) \geq 2 : f(x) = 1 :$$

$$. D_f =]-\infty; +\infty[:$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x) = 0$$

$$\bullet \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} g(x) = 0$$

- $g'(x) = \frac{-e^x + e^{-x}}{(e^x + e^{-x} - 1)^2}$

$$e^{-x} = e^x : \quad -e^x + e^{-x} = 0 : \quad g'(x) = 0$$

$$x = 0 : \quad 2x = 0 : \quad -x = x :$$

$$e^{-x} > e^x : \quad -e^x + e^{-x} > 0 : \quad g'(x) = 0$$

$$x > 0 : \quad 2x > 0 : \quad -x > x :$$

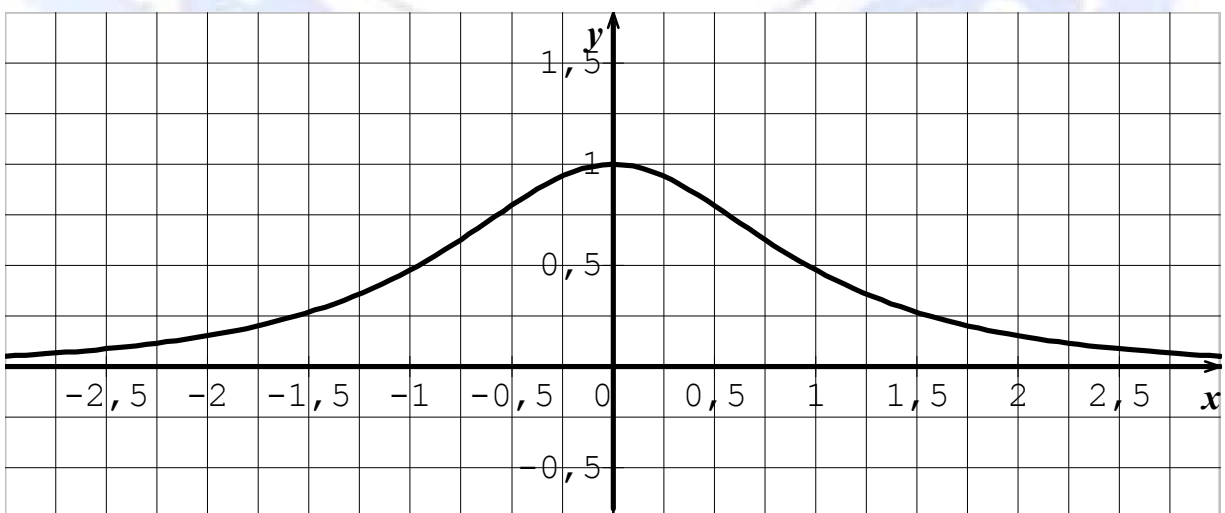
$$]-\infty; 0]$$

$$. [0; +\infty]$$

x	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$
$g'(x)$	+		-
$g(x)$	0	1	0

$$g(0) = 1$$

$$: (c)$$



$$D_h =]-\infty; +\infty[: h \quad -1 \quad (I)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} h(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 1 - x - e^{-x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (-x) \left[\frac{-1}{x} + 1 - \frac{e^{-x}}{-x} \right] = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} h(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 1 - x - e^{-x} = -\infty$$

$$h'(x) = -1 + e^{-x}$$

$$e^{-x} = 1 : \quad -1 + e^{-x} = 0 : \quad h'(x) = 0$$

$$x = 0 : \quad e^{-x} = e^0 :$$

$$e^{-x} > 1 : \quad -1 + e^{-x} > 0 : \quad h'(x) > 0$$

$$x < 0 : \quad -x > 0 :$$

$$]-\infty; 0] \quad h$$

$$. [0; +\infty[$$

x	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$
$h'(x)$	$+$	$\circ$	$-$
$h(x)$	$-\infty$	0	$-\infty$

$$h(0) = 0$$

$$h(x) \quad -2$$

$$h(x) < 0 : \quad x = 0 : \quad h(x) = 0 :$$

$$. x \in \mathbb{R}^* :$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R}^* : f'(x) \quad -1 \text{ (II)}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1(e^x - 1) - e^x x}{(e^x - 1)^2} = \frac{e^x - 1 - xe^x}{(e^x - 1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x(1 - e^{-x} - x)}{(e^x - 1)^2} = \frac{e^x(1 - x - e^{-x})}{(e^x - 1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x \cdot h(x)}{(e^x - 1)^2}$$

$$x = 0 : \quad h(x) = 0 \quad f'(x) = 0$$

$$h(x) < 0 \quad h(x) < 0 \quad f(x) < 0$$

$$. \mathbb{R} \quad f \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^* :$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x}{e^x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{\frac{e^x - 1}{x}} = 0$$

: -2

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x}{e^x - 1} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{e^x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\frac{e^x - 1}{x}} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{e^x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\frac{e^x - 1}{x}} = 1$$

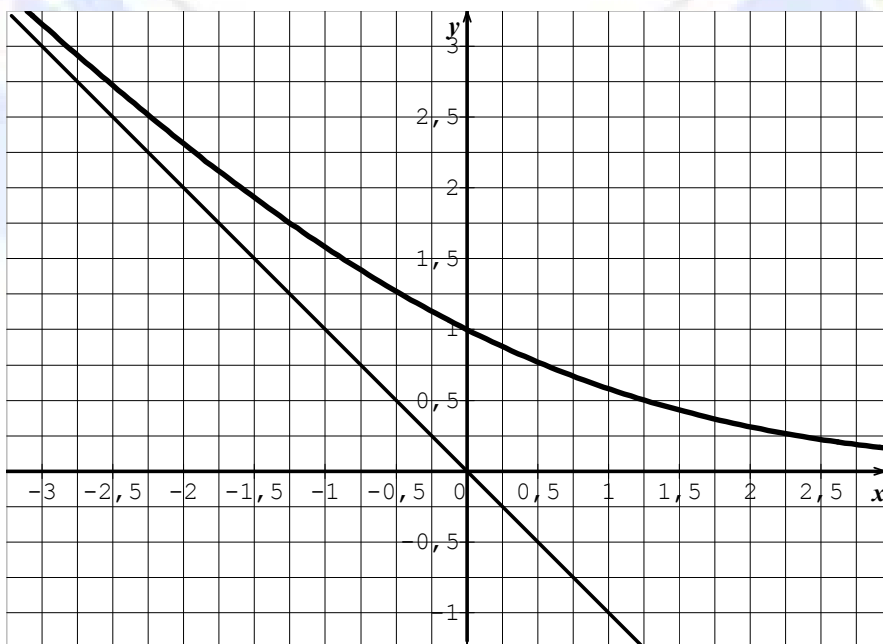
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x	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	-		-
$f(x)$	$+\infty$ ↘ 1	1	↘ 0

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{f(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1}{e^x - 1} = -1 \quad : (c_f) \quad -3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) + x &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x}{e^x - 1} + x = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x + xe^x - x}{e^x - 1} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{xe^x}{e^x - 1} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0 \quad -\infty \quad y = -x \quad +\infty$$



$$D_f = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : e^x - 1 \neq 0\} : f \quad -1$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R}^* \quad D_f =]-\infty; 0[\cup]0; +\infty[$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2e^x}{e^x - 1} = 0$$

$$\lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 0 \\ x < 0}} f(x) = \lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 0 \\ x < 0}} \frac{2e^x}{e^x - 1} = -\infty$$

x	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$
$e^x - 1$		-	+

$$\begin{cases} 2e^x \rightarrow 2 \\ e^x - 1 \rightarrow 0 \end{cases} : \lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 0 \\ x > 0}} f(x) = \lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 0 \\ x > 0}} \frac{2e^x}{e^x - 1} = +\infty :$$

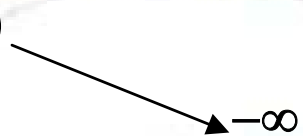
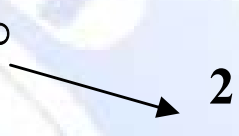
$$\begin{cases} 2e^x \rightarrow 2 \\ e^x - 1 \rightarrow 0 \end{cases} : \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = 2 :$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2e^x(e^x - 1) - e^x \cdot 2e^x}{(e^x - 1)^2} = \frac{2e^x(e^x - 1 - e^x)}{(e^x - 1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2e^x}{(e^x - 1)^2} :$$

$$f \quad f'(x) < 0$$

$$]0;+\infty[,]-\infty;0[: \quad$$

x	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	-		-
$f(x)$	0  $-\infty$		$+\infty$  2

$$y = 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0 \quad -2$$

$$y = 2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = 2$$

$$x = 0 \quad \left| \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) \right| = +\infty$$

$$: \quad w(0;1) \quad -3$$

$$: x \in D_f$$

$$f(2\alpha - x) + f(x) = 2\beta \quad 2\alpha - x \in D_f :$$

$$f(2 \times 0 - x) + f(x) = 2 \times 1 :$$

$$f(-x) + f(x) = 2 :$$

$$-x \in D_f : D_f \quad x$$

$$f(-x) + f(x) = \frac{2e^{-x}}{e^{-x} - 1} + \frac{2e^x}{e^x - 1} = \frac{\frac{2}{e^x}}{\frac{1}{e^x} - 1} + \frac{2e^x}{e^x - 1} :$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2}{e^x}}{\frac{1}{e^x} - 1} + \frac{2e^x}{e^x - 1} = \frac{2}{1 - e^x} + \frac{2e^x}{e^x - 1}$$

$$= \frac{-2}{e^x - 1} + \frac{2e^x}{e^x - 1}$$

$$= \frac{-2 + 2e^x}{e^x - 1} = \frac{2(e^x - 1)}{e^x - 1} = 2$$

.(c)

w

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$$g(x) \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{cases} g(x) = \frac{2e^x}{-(e^x - 1)} , & e^x - 1 < 0 \text{ أي } x < 0 \\ g(x) = \frac{2e^x}{e^x - 1} , & e^x - 1 > 0 \text{ أي } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} g(x) = -f(x) , & x \in]-\infty; 0] \\ g(x) = f(x) , & x \in]0; +\infty[\end{cases} :$$

$$(\delta) :]-\infty; 0]$$

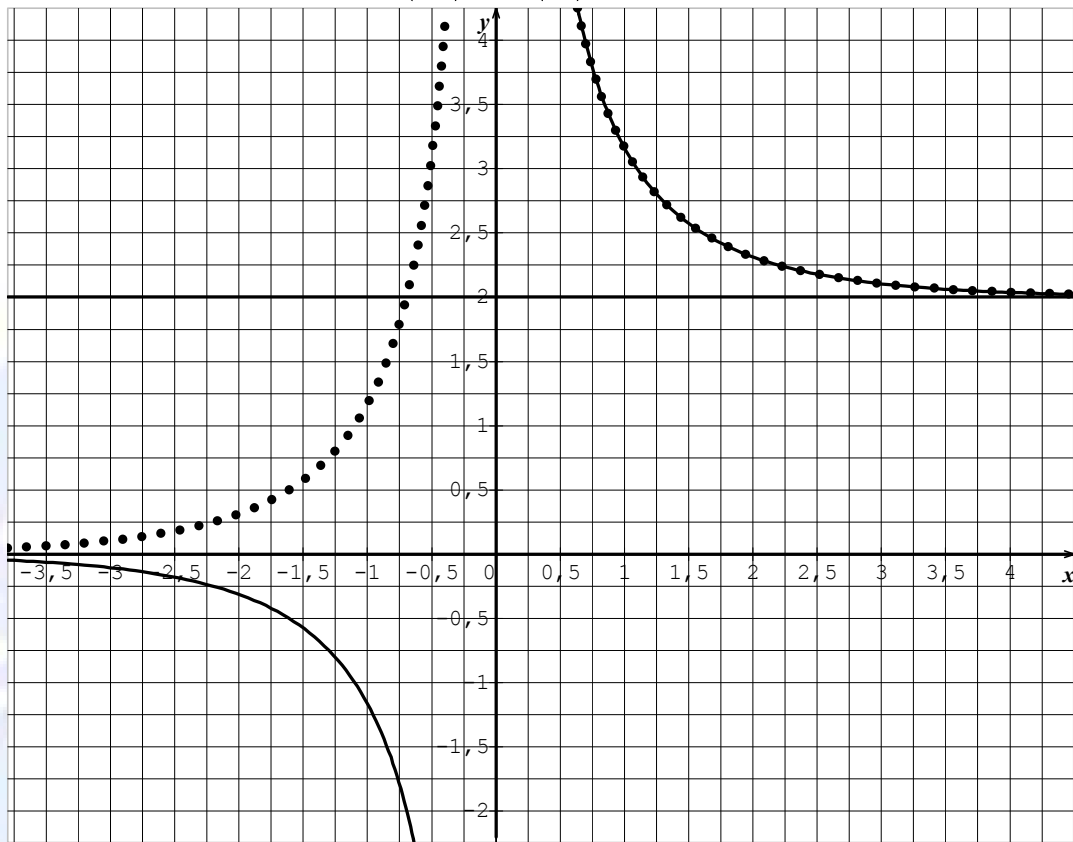
$$(c)$$

$$(\delta) :]0; +\infty[$$

.

$$(c)$$

$:(\delta) \quad (c) \quad -$



$$(m-3)|e^x-1|=2e^x: \quad -$$

$$m-3=g(x): \quad m-3=\frac{2e^x}{|e^x-1|}: \quad -$$

$$g(x)=\alpha: \quad m-3=\alpha$$

$$m \leq 5: \quad m-3 \leq 2: \quad \alpha \leq 2$$

$$: m > 5 \quad \alpha > 2 \quad -$$

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$: f \quad -1 \quad (I$

$$D_f =]-\infty; +\infty[$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (2x^2 - 3x)e^x = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 2xe^{2x} - 3xe^x = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (2x^2 - 3x)e^x = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x(2x - 3)e^x = +\infty$$

$$f'(x) = (4x - 3)e^x + (2x^2 - 3x)e^x$$

$$f'(x) = (4x - 3 + 2x^2 - 3x)e^x :$$

$$f'(x) = (2x^2 + x - 3)e^x :$$

$$2x^2 + x - 3 \quad f'(x) :$$

$$: \quad \Delta = 25 : \quad \Delta = (1)^2 - 4(-3)(2)$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-1+5}{4} = 1, \quad x_1 = \frac{-1-5}{4} = \frac{-3}{2}$$

x	$-\infty$	$\frac{-3}{2}$	1	$+\infty$	
$f'(x)$	$+$	$\bigcirc$	$-$	$\bigcirc$	$+$

$$\left[1; +\infty[\right] \left[-\infty; -\frac{3}{2}\right]$$

f

$$\cdot \left[-\frac{3}{2}; 1\right]$$

x	$-\infty$	$\frac{-3}{2}$	1	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	$+$		$-$	$+$
$f(x)$	$0 \nearrow 9e^{\frac{-3}{2}} \searrow -e \nearrow +\infty$			

$$f\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) = \left[2\left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)^2 - 3\left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)\right]e^{\frac{-3}{2}} = \left(\frac{9}{2} + \frac{9}{2}\right)e^{\frac{-3}{2}} = 9e^{\frac{-3}{2}} \simeq 2$$

$$f(1) = (2(1)^2 - 3(1))e^1 = -e$$

:

-2

$-\infty$

$y = 0$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{f(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{2x^2 - 3x}{x} \right) e^x = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (2x - 3)e^x = +\infty$$

$+\infty$

(c)

:

(c)

-3

$$f''(x) = (4x + 1)e^x + (2x^2 + x - 3)e^x$$

$$f''(x) = (4x + 1 + 2x^2 + x - 3)e^x$$

$$f''(x) = (2x^2 + 5x - 2)e^x$$

$$\Delta = 41, \quad 2x^2 + 5x - 2 = 0 \quad f''(x) = 0$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-5\sqrt{41}}{4}, \quad x_1 = \frac{-5 - \sqrt{41}}{4} :$$

x	$-\infty$	x_1	x_2	$+\infty$	
$f''(x)$	+		-		+

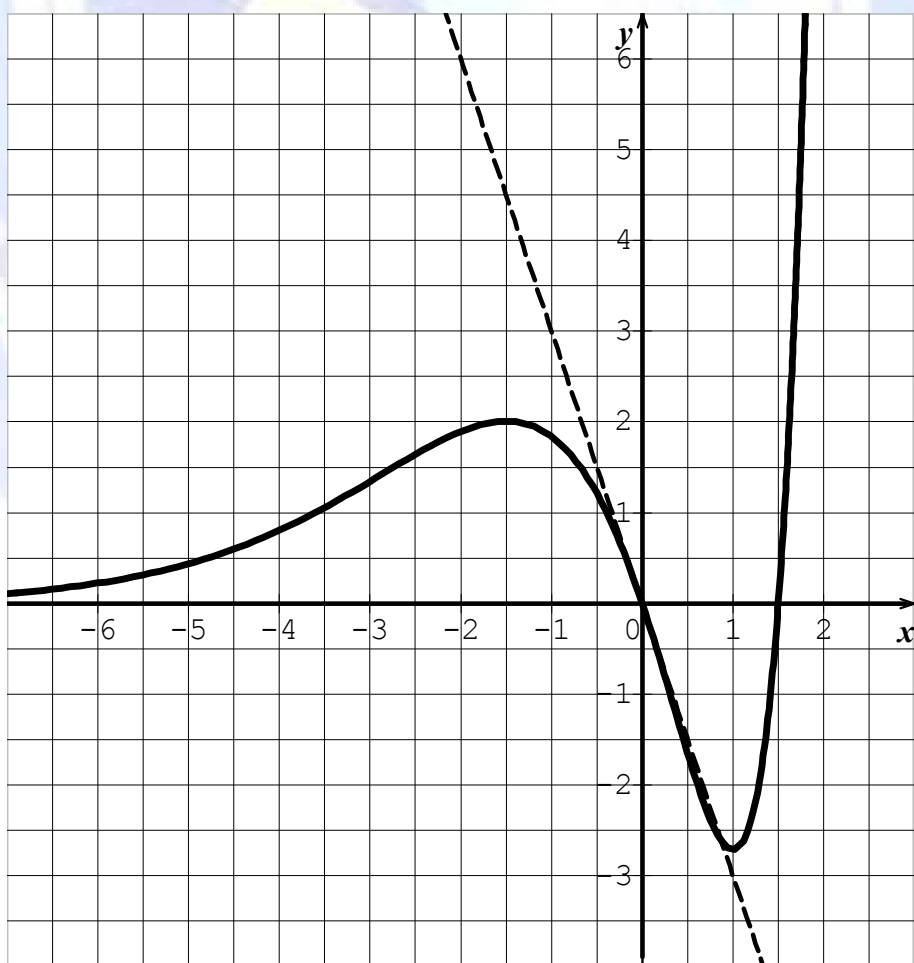
$$x_1 \approx 0,35 \quad , \quad x_2 \approx -2,85$$

$$y = f'(0) \times (x - 0) + f(0) + f(0) :$$

$$f'(0) = -3 \quad , \quad f(0) = 0 :$$

$$(\Delta) \quad y = -3x :$$

$$: (c) \quad (\Delta) \quad -5$$



$$: b \quad a \quad -1 \text{ (II)}$$

$$g(x) = (4x + a)e^x + (2x^2 + ax + b)e^x$$

$$g(x) = (4x + a + 2x^2 + ax + b)e^x$$

$$g(x) = (2x^2 + (a + 4)x + a + b)e^x$$

$$f \quad g$$

$$. x$$

$$: \quad \begin{cases} a = -7 \\ b = 7 \end{cases} : \quad \begin{cases} a + 4 = -3 \\ a + b = 0 \end{cases} : \quad g'(x) = f(x)$$

$$g(x) = (2x^2 - 7x + 7)e^x$$

$$g \quad b \quad a \quad -2$$

.

$$[2x^2 + (a + 4)x + a + b] = 0 : \quad g'(x) = 0$$

$$\Delta = a^2 + 8a + 16 - 4a - 4b : \quad \Delta = (a + 4)^2 - 4(a + b)$$

$$\Delta = a^2 + 4a - 4b + 16 :$$

$$g'(x)$$

$$\Delta > 0$$

$$a^2 + 4a - 4b + 16 > 0 :$$

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